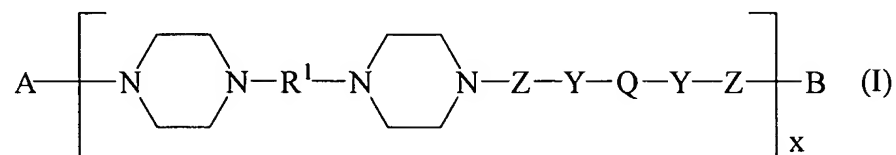


## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

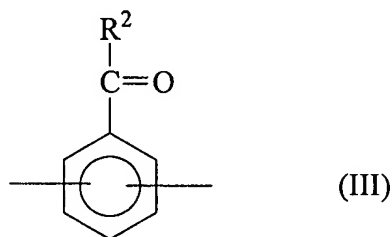
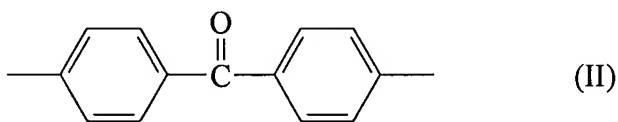
1. (Original) Compounds of formula (I):



in which:

A and B are terminal groups;

$R^1$  represents a group of formula (II) or (III) :



$R^2$  represents a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, an aryl group or a substituted aryl group having one or more  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkoxy or phenyl substituents;

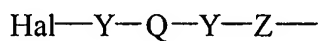
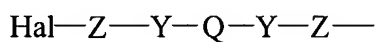
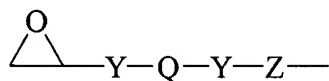
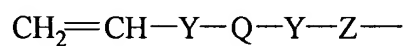
Z represents a group of formula  $-(\text{CHR}^3)_n-$ , where  $R^3$  represents a hydrogen atom, a hydroxy group or a  $C_1$  -  $C_4$  alkyl group, and n is a number from 0 to 6;

Y represents a carbonyl group or a group of formula  $-\text{CH}_2-$ ;

Q represents a residue of a dihydroxy compound; and

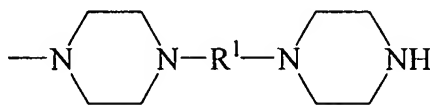
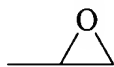
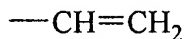
x is a number from 1 to 100.

2. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 1, in which A represents a hydrogen atom, or a group of formula:



where Y, Q and Z are as defined in Claim 1 and Hal represents a halogen atom.

3. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to Claim 1 ~~or Claim 2~~, in which B represents a halogen atom or a group of formula :



in which  $\text{R}^1$  is as defined in Claim 1 and Hal represents a halogen atom.

4. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to Claim 2 ~~or Claim 3~~, in which Hal represents a chlorine or bromine atom.

5. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 1 to 4~~, in which Z represents a group of formula -CHR<sub>3</sub>-.

6. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 1 to 5~~, in which R<sup>3</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a methyl group or an ethyl group.

7. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 6, in which R<sup>3</sup> represents a hydrogen atom.

8. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 1 to 4~~, in which Z represents a group of formula -(CHR<sup>3</sup>)<sub>n</sub>-, n is a number from 2 to 6 and one of R<sup>3</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl group, and the other or others of R<sup>3</sup> represent hydrogen atoms.

9. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of the preceding Claims~~ Claim 1, wherein Q represents a group of formula -D-Q'-D-, where:

D represents a group of formula -[O(CHR<sup>4</sup>CHR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>a</sub>]<sub>y</sub>-, -[O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>CO]<sub>y</sub>- or -[O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>CO]<sub>(y-1)</sub>-[O(CHR<sup>4</sup>CHR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>a</sub>]- ; where:

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> independently represent a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>4</sub> alkyl group;

a is a number from 1 to 2 ;

b is a number from 4 to 5;

y is a number from 1 to 10; and

Q' represents a residue of dihydroxy compound.

10. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 9, in which y is a number from 3 to 10.

11. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{O}(\text{CHR}^4\text{CHR}^5)_a]_y-$  where a is an integer from 1 to 2, and y is a number from 1 to 10.

12. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2]_y-$ ,  $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2]_y-$  or  $-\text{OCH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2]_y-$ , where y is a number from 1 to 10.

13. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_b\text{CO}]_y-$ , where b is a number from 4 to 5 and y is a number from 1 to 10.

14. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_b\text{CO}]_{(y-1)}-\text{O}(\text{CHR}^4\text{CHR}^5)_a]_y-$ , where a is a number from 1 to 2, b is a number from 4 to 5 and y is a number from 1 to 10.

15. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 9 to 14~~, in which a is 2 and y is a number from 1 to 10.

16. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 9 to 15~~, in which y is a number from 1 to 6.

17. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 9 to 16~~, in which Q' is a residue of a poly C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene glycol.

18. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 9 to 16~~, in which Q' is a residue of ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, butylene glycol, glycerol, 2,2-propanediol, polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol or polybutylene glycol.

19. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of Claims 1 to 8~~, in which Q is a residue of a poly C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene glycol.

20. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 19, in which Q is a residue of ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, butylene glycol, glycerol, 2,2-propanediol, polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol or polybutylene glycol.

21. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to ~~any one of the preceding Claims~~ Claim 1, in which x is a number from 1 to 50.

22. (Original) The compound of formula (I) used as a photoinitiation sensitiser.

23. (Original) An energy-curable composition comprising: (a) a polymerisable monomer, prepolymer or oligomer; (b) a photoinitiator; and (c) the sensitiser of Claim 22.

24. (Original) A process for preparing a cured polymeric composition by exposing a composition according to Claim 23 to actinic radiation.

25. (Original) A process according to Claim 24, in which the actinic radiation is ultraviolet radiation.